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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference FOR FURTHER ACTION See Form PCT/IPEA/416					
PB/POE51120					
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)			
PCT/SE 2003/001366	08.09.2003	09.09.2002			
	International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC				
C10M 125/26					
Applicant					
Eagle Water Ltd. et a	1				
24910					
	eliminary examination report, established by the cansmitted to the applicant according to Article				
2. This REPORT consists of a total	of 4 sheets, including this cover	r sheet.			
3. This report is also accompanied b	y ANNEXES, comprising:				
a. (sent to the applicant	and to the International Bureau) a total of	2 sheets, as follows:			
		e been amended and are the basis of this report			
and/or sheets		thority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the			
sheets which	supersede earlier sheets, but which this Author	rity considers contain an amendment that goes			
beyond the di Supplemental	isclosure in the international application as file I Box.	d, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the			
b. (sent to the Internation	onal Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and	number of electronic carrier(s))			
	, containing a sequence listing	and/or tables related thereto, in computer			
readable form only, a Administrative Instru	s indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating actions).	to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the			
4. This report contains indications re	clating to the following items:				
	f the report				
Box No. II Priority	ty				
Box No. III Non-est	tablishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability				
Box No. IV Lack of	of unity of invention				
	ed statement under Article 35(2) with regard to bility; citations and explanations supporting su				
	documents cited	on statement ,			
Box No. VII Certain	defects in the international application				
Box No. VIII Certain	observations on the international application				
Date of submission of the demand	Date of completion	of this report			
Date of submission of the demand	Date of completion	or this report			
13.04.2004	08.06.2004				
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/SI					
Patent- och registreringsverket					
S-102 42 STOCKHOLM	Pongt Chri	stensson/ELY			
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Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 2004)					



International application No.

PCT/SE 2003/001366

Box	No. I	Bas	sis of the report
1.	otherv	regard to wise indic	the language, this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless ated under this item.
	\bowtie	This rep which is	ort is based on a translation from the original language into the following language <u>English</u> , the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:
			international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b))
		$\overline{\boxtimes}$	publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4)
			international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)
2.	furnisi	hed to the	the elements of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" nexed to this report):
		the inte	rnational application as originally filed/furnished
	\boxtimes	the desc	cription:
		pages	1-4 as originally filed/furnished
		pages*	received by this Authority on
		pages*	received by this Authority on
	\boxtimes	the clair	ms:
		pages	as originally filed/furnished
		pages*	as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19
		pages*	1-2 received by this Authority on 13.04.2004
		pages*	received by this Authority on
		the drav	vings:
		pages	as originally filed/furnished
		pages*	received by this Authority on
		pages*	received by this Authority on
	Ш	a sequer	nce listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing.
3.		The ame	endments have resulted in the cancellation of:
			the description, pages
			the claims, Nos.
			the demaining chartelfine
			the sequence listing (specify):
			any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):
4.		This rep made, si 70.2(c)).	ort has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below had not been not they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule
			the description, pages
		Ħ	the description, pages
		Ħ	the days shorts
	•	H	the drawings, sheets/figs
		H	the sequence listing (specify):
			any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):
•			some or all of those sheets may be marked "superseded."

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINAL REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

Internatio. pplication No.

PCT/SE 2003/001366

Box No. V	Reasoned statement citations and explana	under Article tions support	35(2) with regard to novelty, inveing such statement	ntive step or industrial applicability;	
1. Statement					
Novelt	ty (N)	Claims Claims	1-5	YES NO	
Inventi	ve step (IS)	Claims Claims	1-5	YES NO	}
Industr	ial applicability (IA)	Claims Claims	1-5	YES NO	i
		•			

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

The invention

The claimed invention concerns a method for producing a solution having lubrication properties. The solution is intended to be used as an additive preferably to a liquid fuel. The invention also refers to a solution and the use thereof.

It is previously known that boron acid can be used as an additive to fuels to accomplish a friction reducing effect. The additive made by this method over time has a limited stability.

The problem is solved in that a boric compound such as boric acid and/or bortrioxide is dissolved in a solvent. The solvent has hydrogen bonds that counteract the electro negativity of the boric compound. The solution has a high concentration of borate thanks to the hydrogen bonds.

Cited documents

These documents are cited in the International Search Report. The citations are considered to describe the most relevant prior art:

- D1) US-A1-4 557 844
- D2) US-A1-4 524 004

Friction reducing additives for liquid fuels are previously known from D1 (column 1, lines 9-14). One problem to be solved

.../...

Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of: Box $\,\,V\,$

according to D1 is to provide stabilising properties (column 2, lines 11-16). Furthermore, the document teaches that reaction occurs when diols and boron compounds are interacted (column 2, line 34-column 3, line 20).

The publication also reveals that anti-oxidants may be present in the composition (column 4, lines 13-17).

Reference is also made to D2, which discloses the same technology as that of D1.

Analysis

D1 and D2 are cited in the International Search Report as documents of particular relevance and are now considered to show the closest background art. The reason for this review is that amended claim 1 of April 13, 2004, now specifies that the mixture is stirred and/or shaken.

These features are not revealed in D1 or D2. Consequently, neither D1 nor D2 anticipates the technique of claim 1.

The method for producing a solution according to amended claim 1 is considered to give rise to an unexpected technical effect, i.e. the concentrate of borate is increased in relation to earlier technique. Thus, this claim is not considered to describe a technique that is obvious to a person skilled in the art.

Since independent claims 4, 5 refer to amended claim 1, the content of these claims 4, 5 also involves an inventive step.

Conclusion

In accordance with the arguments stated above, the invention in claims 1-5 is novel, considered to involve an inventive step and has industrial applicability.



Claims

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- A method for producing a solution having lubrication properties intended to be used preferably as an 5 additive as a concentrate blended to a liquid, such as a liquid fuel, characterized in that a boric compound such as boric acid and/or bortrioxide is dissolved in a solvent and the borate ions are in a homogene phase together with the solvent, which as a solution in stable conditions is 10 made to have a high concentration of borate thanks to the hydrogen bonds counter action to the electro negativity of the boric compound and its tendency to covalent bonding, the solution being used as and additive to the actual liquid, which in this way receive friction reducing, 15 lubricating and corrosion inhibiting characteristics.
- 2. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that the solvent is an alcohol and/or water or liquid hydrogen and the mixture is shaken to dissolve the boric compounds at the same time as the dissolving time is accelerated by using heat.
 - 3. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that the mixture is shaken, with or without mechanical elements added to further accelerate the dissolving of the boric compound in the solution by warming up or with aid of a combination thereof.
- 4. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that 30 the addition of the boric compound in the solution makes a solution with a borate concentration exceeding 250,000 ppm or more.



5. The use of a solution made according to claim 1 as an additive to a fuel in a blending, depending to the type of fuel, gives a concentration of boric compound in the range of 10 to 1,000 ppm.

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6. A solution made as an additive according to any of the preceding claims by dissolving a boric compound, boric acid and/or bortrioxide.

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